

$$a) \underbrace{24xy - 16x^2 - 9y^2}_{I} + \underbrace{70x + 10y}_{II} - \underbrace{125}_{III} = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -16 & 12 \\ 12 & -9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -16-\lambda & 12 \\ 12 & -9-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (16+\lambda)(9+\lambda) - 144 = \lambda^2 + 14\lambda + 9\lambda - 144 = 0$$

$$\lambda(25+\lambda) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \lambda = 0 & \lambda = -25 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} -25x^2 - I \\ \text{канон. вид} \\ \text{уб. ор} \end{matrix}$$

$$\lambda = 0 \quad \begin{pmatrix} -16 & 12 \\ 12 & -9 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{I/4 \\ II/3}} \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 3 \\ 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{II+I} \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

x - базисн.
y - свободн.

$$-4x + 3y = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{4}y$$

$$y = C, \text{ тогда } x = \frac{3}{4}C$$

$$X^{\lambda=0} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = C \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C = 4 \Rightarrow E_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Нормируется

$$\bar{e}_1 = \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = -25$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 9 & 12 \\ 12 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[\text{II}/4]{\text{I}/3} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{II}-\text{I}} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

x - базис
 y - свободная

$$x = -\frac{4}{3}y$$

Пусть $y = c$, $x = -\frac{4}{3}c$.

$$X^{\lambda=-25} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = c \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{4}{3} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Пусть $c = -3 \Rightarrow E_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

Нормируем: $\bar{e}_2 = \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

$$V = \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = VX' \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{5}(3x' + 4y') \\ y = \frac{1}{5}(4x' - 3y') \end{cases}$$

$$-25x'^2 + \frac{70}{5}(3x' + 4y') + \frac{10}{5}(4x' - 3y') - 125 = 0$$

$$-25x'^2 + 42x' + 56y' + 8x' - 6y' - 125 = 0$$

$$-25x'^2 + 50x' + 50y' - 125 = 0 \quad | \cdot (-25)$$

$$x'^2 - 2x' - 2y' + 5 = 0$$

$$x'^2 - 2x' + 1 - 2y' + 4 = 0$$

$$(x' - 1)^2 - 2y' + 4 = 0$$

$$2y' = (x' - 1)^2 + 4$$

$$2(y' - 2) = \frac{(x' + 1)^2}{x''}$$

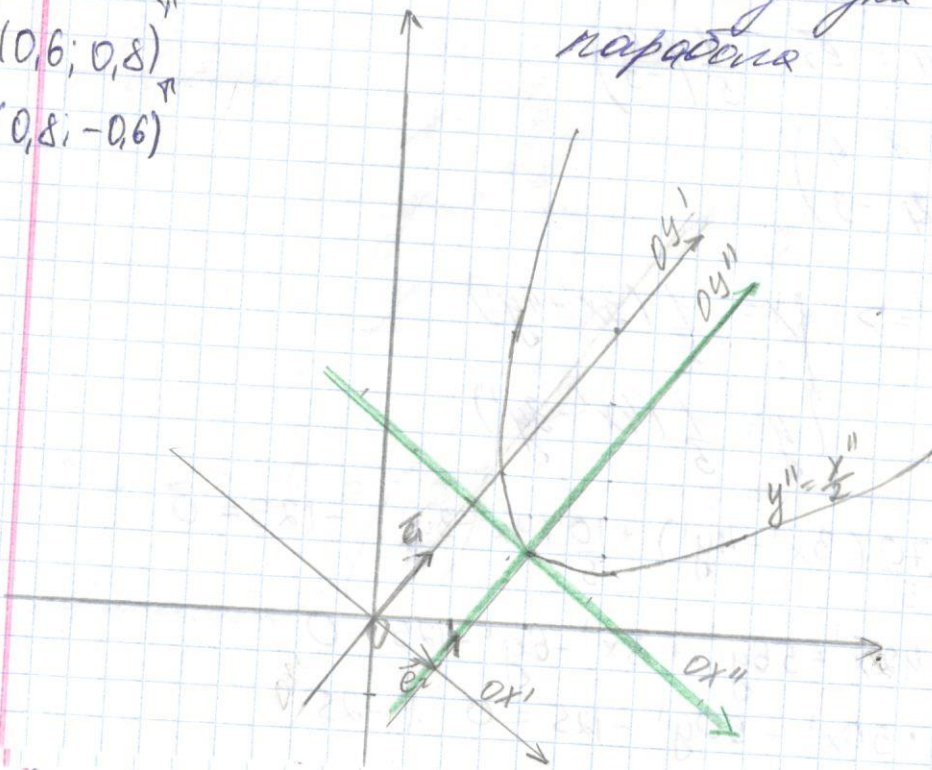
$$x'' = x' + 1$$

$$y'' = y' - 2 \Rightarrow 2y'' = x''^2$$

$y'' = \frac{x''^2}{2}$ - кривая второго порядка
парабола

$$\vec{e}_1 = (0,6; 0,8)^\top$$

$$\vec{e}_2 = (0,8; -0,6)^\top$$



$$\underbrace{5x^2 + 8y^2 - 4xy}_{\text{I}} + \underbrace{16\sqrt{5}x + 8\sqrt{5}y}_{\text{II}} + \underbrace{+64}_{\text{III}} = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \text{ - м. кв. оп.}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 5-\lambda & -2 \\ -2 & 8-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 40 - 8\lambda - 5\lambda + \lambda^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 13\lambda + 36 = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 9 \quad \lambda_2 = 4$$

$$9x'^2 + 4y'^2 = \text{I}$$

$$\lambda = 9$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -4 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[\text{II} + \text{I}/2]{\text{I}/2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \text{х свобод.} \\ \text{у - свобод.} \\ \text{у} = -2x \end{array}$$

~~$$y = -2x$$~~

$$y = -2 \quad x = 1$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{e} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 4$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{II} + 2\text{I}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \text{х свобод.} \\ \text{у - свобод.} \\ \text{х} = 2y \end{array}$$

$$y = 1 \quad x = 2$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \bar{e}_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = V \cdot X' \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} (x' + 2y') \\ y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} (-2x' + y') \end{cases}$$

$$\text{I} + \text{II} + \text{III} = 0$$

$$9x'^2 + 4y'^2 + \frac{16\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}(x' + 2y') + \frac{8\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}(-2x' + y') + 64 = 0$$

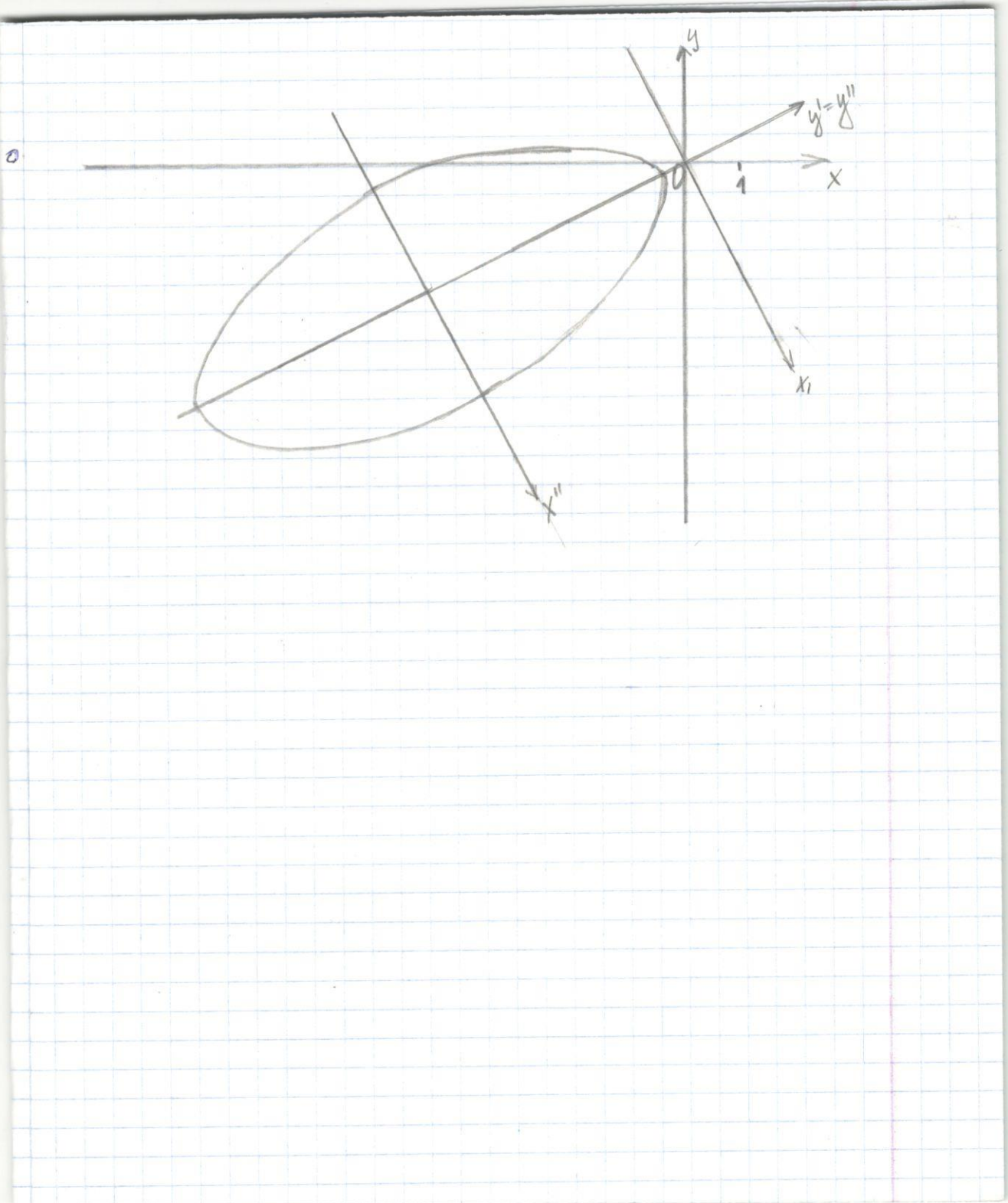
$$9x'^2 + 4y'^2 + 16x' + 32y' - 16x' + 8y' + 64 = 0$$

$$9x'^2 + 4y'^2 + 40y' + 64 = 0$$

$$9x'^2 + 4(y' + 5)^2 = 36 \quad | :36$$

$$\frac{x'^2}{4} + \frac{(y' + 5)^2}{9} = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} x'' = x' \\ y'' = y' + 5 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{x''}{4} + \frac{y''}{9} = 1$$



$$\lambda = 2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{II-2I} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$z = -2, y = 1, x = 1. \quad X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{e}_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 5$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{I+3III} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 & -5 \\ 0 & -5 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{II \cdot (-1)} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 & -5 \\ 0 & 5 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 5 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x = 1, y = 1, z = 1$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{e}_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ 0 & -\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = V X'$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (\sqrt{3} x' + y' + \sqrt{2} z') \\ y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (-\sqrt{3} x' + y' + \sqrt{2} z') \\ z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (-2y' + \sqrt{2} z') \end{cases}$$

$$2y'^2 + 5z'^2 - \frac{20\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}(\sqrt{3}x' + y' + \sqrt{2}z') +$$

$$+ \frac{20\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}(-\sqrt{3}x' + y' + \sqrt{2}z' + 40) = 0$$

$$2y'^2 + 5z'^2 - 20x' - \frac{20y'\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{20\sqrt{6}z'}{3} - 20x' + \frac{20\sqrt{3}y'}{3} +$$

$$+ \frac{20z'\sqrt{6}}{3} + 40 = 0$$

$$2y'^2 + 5z'^2 - 40x' + 40 = 0$$

$$2y'^2 + 5z'^2 = 40(x' - 1)$$

$$\begin{cases} y'' = y' \\ z'' = z' \\ x'' = x' - 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2y''^2 + 5z''^2 = 40x'' \quad | :40 \\ \frac{y''^2}{20} + \frac{5z''^2}{8} = x'' - \text{каноническое уравнение параболы} \end{cases}$$

каноническое уравнение параболы

$$d) \underbrace{x^2 + 2z^2 - 4xy - 4xz - 12x + 12z + 18 = 0}_I$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ - м. кб. матрица}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -\lambda & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 2-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda^2 - \lambda)(2 - \lambda) + 4\lambda - 2 \cdot 2(2 - \lambda) =$$

$$= 2\lambda^2 - \lambda^3 - 2\lambda + \lambda^2 + 4\lambda - 8 + 4\lambda = 0$$

$$-\lambda^3 + 3\lambda^2 + 6\lambda - 8 = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = -2, \lambda_2 = 1, \lambda_3 = 4 \Rightarrow -2x'^2 + y'^2 + 4z'^2 \rightarrow I$$

$$\lambda_1 = -2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{I+II} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{III+2I} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim$$

$$\xrightarrow{II+I} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} z=1 \\ y=2 \\ x=2 \end{matrix} \quad X = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \bar{e}_1 = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{III-II} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{I+2III} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} z = +2 \\ y = -2 \\ x = 1 \end{matrix} \quad X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \bar{e}_2 = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 4$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -4 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{III}-\text{I}} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{II}+\text{III}} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{I}-\text{III}\cdot 3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x = 2y \\ 4y = 0 \end{matrix} \quad x = 2, y = -1, z = -2$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \bar{e}_3 = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad X = V X'$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{3}(2x' + y' + 2z') \\ y = \frac{1}{3}(2x' - 2y' - z') \\ z = \frac{1}{3}(x' + 2y' - 2z') \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2x'^2 + y'^2 + 4z'^2 - \frac{12}{3}(2x' + y' + 2z') + 4(x' + 2y' - 2z') + 18 &= 0 \\ -2x'^2 + y'^2 + 4z'^2 - 8x' - 4y' - 8z' + 4x' + 8y' - 8z' + 18 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$-2x'^2 + y'^2 + 4z'^2 - 4x' + 4y' - 16z' + 18 = 0$$

$$-2(x'^2 + 2x' + 1) + 2 + y'^2 + 4y' + 4 - 4 + 4(z'^2 - 4z' + 4) - 16 + 18 = 0$$
$$-2(x'+1)^2 + (y'+2)^2 + 4(z'-2)^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{(y'+2)^2}{4} + \frac{(z'-2)^2}{1} - \frac{(x'+1)^2}{2} = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} y'' = y' + 2 \\ z'' = z' - 2 \\ x'' = x' + 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y''^2}{4} + \frac{z''^2}{1} - \frac{x''^2}{2} = 0$$

каноническое уравнение
конуса 2-го порядка